Surname

Other Names

Centre Number Candidate Number

wjec cbac GCSE

4503/01



PHYSICS

PHYSICS 3 FOUNDATION TIER

P.M. WEDNESDAY, 25 May 2016

1 hour

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	9	
2.	7	
3.	5	
4.	5	
5.	4	
6.	6	
7.	14	
8.	10	
Total	60	

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question. You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers. **A list of equations is printed on page 2**. In calculations you should show all your working. You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication (QWC) used in your answer to question 8(a)(ii). PMT

Equations

speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$	
u = initial velocity $v = final velocity$ $t = time$ $a = acceleration$ $x = displacement$	$v = u + at$ $x = \frac{1}{2} (u + v)t$
momentum = mass \times velocity	p = mv
pressure = $\frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$	$p = \frac{F}{A}$
	$T/K = \theta/°C + 273$
density = <u>mass</u> volume	$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$

SI multipliers

Prefix	Multiplier	
m	10 ⁻³	1 1000
k	10 ³	1000
М	10 ⁶	1000000



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Turn over.

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2. The substances in the early Universe are shown in the following pie chart. The chart is drawn to scale.



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3. The diagrams show two stationary space vehicles in the act of separating.



Examiner The map below shows the positions of two seismic recording stations A and B (in the American 4. only state of California). The epicentre of an earthquake lies somewhere on the circumference of the circle around A. Station B is used to locate two possible positions of the epicentre of the earthquake.



The P wave arriving at station **B** took 25 s to arrive from the epicentre. The speed (a) (i) of the P wave was 6 km/s. Use the equation:

distance = speed
$$\times$$
 time

to calculate the distance of **B** from the epicentre of the earthquake.

[2]

distance = km

(ii) One of the possible positions of the epicentre is shown with an X on the circle. Mark the other possible position of the epicentre on the circle. [1]



(4503-01)

Turn over.

Examiner

5.	A fixed mass of gas is kept under conditions of constant volume. The table shows how the	only
	pressure of this gas changes with temperature when it is heated.	

Temperature (°C)	Temperature (K)	Pressure (N/cm²)
-273		0
-173	100	4
-123	150	6
-73	200	8
+27	300	
+77	350	14
+127	400	16

(a) Complete the table above.

(b) Explain in terms of molecules why the pressure increases as the temperature increases. [2]

.....

4

[2]



Turn over.



7.

Examiner (d) An investigation is carried out to determine how the output voltage depends on the number of turns on the secondary coil. The input voltage (8V) and the number of turns on the primary coil (200) are kept constant throughout the investigation.

Input voltage (V)	Primary turns	Secondary turns	Output voltage (V)
8	200	50	2
8	200		4
8	200	150	6
8	200	200	8
8	200	300	12

The results of the investigation are recorded in the table below.

(i) Complete the table.

Plot a graph of the output voltage against the number of secondary turns on the grid (ii) below and draw a suitable line. [3]



PMT

only

[1]

(iii)	Describe the relationship between the output voltage and the number of secondary turns. [2]	Examiner only
(iv)	Use the graph to find the number of secondary turns required to give an output voltage of 5 V. [1]	
	number of turns =	
(v)	Explain how the graph would be different if the investigation were repeated with a primary coil containing 400 turns. [2]	
••••••		
•••••		

Examiner

8. *(a)* The diagrams below are drawings made by a student investigating how light rays pass through a semi-circular glass block.



TURN OVER FOR THE LAST PART OF THE QUESTION

